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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/677,022	10/01/2003	Ronald F. Ofstead	13288.30US01	13288.30US01 9975	
23552	7590 11/03/2006		EXAMINER		
MERCHANT & GOULD PC P.O. BOX 2903 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0903			RILEY, JEZIA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1637		

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/677,022	OFSTEAD ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Jezia Riley	1637			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 A	ugust 2006.				
		action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-45</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 26 and 30-45 is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🖾	☑ Claim(s) 1-5,10-20,25 and 27-29 is/are rejected.					
7) 🛛	Claim(s) 6-9 and 21-24 is/are objected to.					
8)🖂	8) Claim(s) 1-45 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
,-	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		on No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •				
	application from the International Bureau	•	ŭ			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	*/o\					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/5/05, 12/24/03					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/5/05, 12/24/03</u> .						

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I in the reply filed on 8/21/06 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that there is no burdensome to examiner all the claims. This is not found persuasive because the groups are directly to different inventions.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 1-5, 10-20, 25, 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Timofeev et al. (Nucleic Acids Research 1996, Vol. 24).

Timofeev et al discloses four types of polyacrylamide or polydimethylacrylamide gels for regioselective of short oligonucleotides for use in manufacturing microchips. It is disclosed a substrate comprising a surface and covalently attached thereto a polymer comprising a small portion of a monomer comprising a group reactive with an oligonucleotide and either an N,N dimethylacrylamide or acrylamide monomer.

Timofeev discloses activated slide wherein the surface comprises glass (see page 3144-3145).

In page 3144, it is disclosed that the surface is coated with a solution of 0.9 M substituted acrylamide. Page 3145 (col 2) discloses that dimethylacrylamide was copolymerized with II at a 9:1 molar ratio; which is viewed as the instant polymer comprising at least about 40 mol % or 85-90 mol-% of substituted acrylamide.

Oxidized or amino-oligonucleotides are used for immobilization. Each spot (approx. 1 mm) contained 300-500 pmol of oligonucleotide. Which is viewed as being inclusive of instant claim 12.

Claims 5, 28, 29 have added functions which the prior art has not analyzed; but given the above 102 rejection analysis substantiating the basic characterization of the composition of the invention being the same as the reference, these added characteristics are presumed to be inherent in the prior art composition.

As it is pointed in *In re Fitzgerald* (205 USPQ), page 594, 2nd col., 1st full paragraph, supports the shifting of the burden of proof to the applicant that the instantly claimed invention is novel and unobvious over the prior art. Since both the prior art and the instant application prepare and use composition which appeared to be identical. The prior art discloses manufacturing of oligonucleotide microchips therefore suggesting spots of circular shape having a diameter microns size effective in immobilizing micron amount of oligonucleotides, therefore suggesting the instant application under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).

- 5. Claims 6-9, 21-24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. The references lined through in the PTO-1449 were either missing the publication date or were not in provided by applicant.

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7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jezia Riley whose telephone number is 571-272-0786. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on 571-272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

28 October 2006

JEZIA RILEY
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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